



Northern Territory of Australia

Electricity Reform Act 2000

Revocation and Issue of Electricity Pricing Order

I, William Carl Yan, Treasurer:

- (a) under section 44(1) of the *Electricity Reform Act 2000* (the **Act**) and with reference to section 43 of the *Interpretation Act 1978*, revoke the electricity pricing order made by the instrument entitled 'Revocation and Issue of Electricity Pricing Order', dated 10 June 2026; and
- (b) under section 44(1) of the Act and with reference to section 42(1) of the *Interpretation Act 1978*, issue the electricity pricing order set out in the Schedule to take effect on 1 July 2026 and remain in force until 30 June 2027.

.....
Treasurer

Dated




Schedule Electricity Pricing Order

Part 1 Preliminary matters

1 Definitions

(1) In this electricity pricing order:

billing entity, see clause 2.

billing period, in relation to a prescribed customer, means a period for which the billing entity measures the amount of electricity supplied to the prescribed customer's premises for the purpose of charging the customer for the electricity sold during that period.

caravan park resident tariff customer means a prescribed customer that is on-supplied electricity by the proprietor of a caravan park who is a commercial customer.

commercial customer, see clause 5(1).

commercial (standard tariff) customer, see clause 5(4).

commercial (time of use tariff) customer, see clause 5(3).

commercial use, of electricity, means the electricity is consumed for commercial or business purposes on premises.

domestic customer, see clause 4(1).

domestic (pre-payment meter tariff) customer, see clause 4(3).

domestic (standard tariff) customer, see clause 4(5).

domestic (time of use tariff) customer, see clause 4(4).

domestic use, of electricity, means the electricity is consumed for domestic purposes on residential premises.

general non-metered installation customer means a prescribed customer that purchases electricity for the non-metered supply of electricity to an electrical installation other than for street lighting.

government customer, see clause 7.

high voltage electricity network means an electricity network that supplies 11,000 volts or more.

kWh means kilowatt hours.

large user tariff customer means a prescribed customer that is classified as a large user tariff customer under clause 6.

local government customer means a prescribed customer that:

- (a) is a local government council; and
- (b) does not purchase electricity for domestic use.

MWh means megawatt hours.

Network Pricing Proposal means the Power and Water Corporation's pricing proposal entitled '2026-27 Network Pricing Proposal', as approved on 22 April 2026 by the Australian Energy Regulation under Chapter 6, Part I, of the National Electricity (NT) Rules.

PBI tariff customer means a prescribed customer that:

- (a) is registered as a public benevolent institution (PBI) with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC); and
- (b) is not a government customer or a local government customer.

prescribed customer means a customer of a class prescribed by regulation 16(2) or (3) of the Regulations.

regulated period means the period commencing on 1 July 2026 and ending on 30 June 2027.

Regulations means the *Electricity Reform (Administration) Regulations 2000*.

residential premises does not include:

- (a) a hostel, motel, hotel, guest house or caravan park; or
- (b) premises on which a caretaker resides and is otherwise used for non-residential purposes.

street lighting customer means a prescribed customer that purchases electricity for the non-metered supply of electricity to an electrical installation which provides street lighting, including public lighting.

- (2) A prescribed customer receives a **high voltage supply of electricity** if the prescribed customer's premises is connected to a high voltage electricity network.

2 Application of pricing order to electricity entities

- (1) This electricity pricing order applies to an electricity entity (a **billing entity**) that is licensed under Part 3 of the Act to sell electricity.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), this electricity pricing order does not apply to Darwin International Airport Pty Limited ACN 081 257 157 (**DIA**), as the

holder of an electricity generation licence under Part 3 of the Act, in respect of the sale of electricity by DIA to a prescribed customer that is:

- (a) an on-supplier for the premises at which the electricity generating plant is located, as described in DIA's licence; or
- (b) a receiver in relation to the premises at which the electricity generating plant is located, as described in DIA's licence.

3 Regulation of retail prices

- (1) This electricity pricing order regulates the retail prices a billing entity may charge prescribed customers of a class specified in subclause (2) for the sale of electricity, and for the provision of related services, during the regulated period.
- (2) The different classes of prescribed customer for the purposes of this electricity pricing order are as follows:
 - (a) caravan park resident tariff customer;
 - (b) commercial (standard tariff) customer;
 - (c) commercial (time of use tariff) customer;
 - (d) domestic (pre-payment meter tariff) customer;
 - (e) domestic (standard tariff) customer;
 - (f) domestic (time of use tariff) customer;
 - (g) general non-metered installation customer;
 - (h) government customer;
 - (i) large user tariff customer;
 - (j) local government customer;
 - (k) PBI tariff customer;
 - (l) street lighting customer.
- (3) For subclause (1):
 - (a) retail prices for the sale of electricity include GST and metering service provision charges for type 1-6 meters, but do not include fee based charges or quoted services charges; and
 - (b) related services are the services the billing entity provides to prescribed customers that are ancillary to supplying electricity to the customers; and

- (c) the billing entity may charge retail prices for provision of related services that are fair and reasonable, taking into consideration the costs of supplying electricity.
- (4) In addition to subclause (1), this electricity pricing order regulates retail prices for the sale of electricity by any retailer of last resort under retailer of last resort arrangements in the same way that it regulates retail prices for the sale of electricity by a billing entity.
- (5) For subclause (4), a reference to a billing entity in this electricity pricing order is taken to include a reference to a retailer of last resort that, under retailer of last resort arrangements, sells electricity to a class of prescribed customer specified in subclause (2) during the regulated period.

4 Domestic customer classes

- (1) A ***domestic customer*** is a prescribed customer that:
 - (a) purchases electricity for domestic use; and
 - (b) is not any of the following:
 - (i) a caravan park resident tariff customer;
 - (ii) a general non-metered installation customer;
 - (iii) a government customer;
 - (iv) a large user tariff customer;
 - (v) a local government customer;
 - (vi) a PBI tariff customer;
 - (vii) a street lighting customer.
- (2) The different classes of domestic customer are:
 - (a) domestic (pre-payment meter tariff) customer; and
 - (b) domestic (time of use tariff) customer; and
 - (c) domestic (standard tariff) customer.
- (3) A ***domestic (pre-payment meter tariff) customer*** is a domestic customer that purchases electricity which is supplied through a pre-payment meter.
- (4) A ***domestic (time of use tariff) customer*** is a domestic customer that:
 - (a) is assigned to network tariff class 3a by the Power and Water Corporation under the Network Pricing Proposal; and

- (b) elects to pay the domestic – time of use tariff; and
 - (c) has a meter that records the consumption of electricity at the premises where the electricity is consumed and the time of consumption; and
 - (d) agrees to pay for any associated meter upgrade costs; and
 - (e) is not a domestic (pre-payment meter tariff) customer.
- (5) A **domestic (standard tariff) customer** is any other domestic customer that is not:
- (a) a domestic (pre-payment meter tariff) customer; or
 - (b) a domestic (time of use tariff) customer.

5 Commercial customer classes

- (1) A **commercial customer** is a prescribed customer that:
- (a) purchases electricity for commercial use; and
 - (b) is not any of the following:
 - (i) a caravan park resident tariff customer;
 - (ii) a general non-metered installation customer;
 - (iii) a government customer;
 - (iv) a local government customer;
 - (v) a PBI tariff customer;
 - (vi) a street lighting customer.
- (2) The different classes of commercial customer are:
- (a) commercial (time of use tariff) customer; and
 - (b) commercial (standard tariff) customer.
- (3) A **commercial (time of use tariff) customer** is a commercial customer that:
- (a) is assigned to network tariff class 3b by the Power and Water Corporation under the Network Pricing Proposal; and
 - (b) elects to pay the commercial – time of use tariff; and
 - (c) has a meter that records the consumption of electricity at the premises where the electricity is consumed and the time of consumption; and

- (d) agrees to pay for any associated meter upgrade costs.
- (4) A **commercial (standard tariff) customer** is any other commercial customer that is not a commercial (time of use tariff) customer.

6 Classification of certain prescribed customers as large user tariff customers

- (1) This clause applies in relation to a prescribed customer of any of the following classes (a **relevant class**):
 - (a) commercial (time of use tariff) customer;
 - (b) commercial (standard tariff) customer;
 - (c) PBI tariff customer.
- (2) During the regulated period, a prescribed customer of a relevant class may instead be classified by the billing entity as a **large user tariff customer** at a single site if the prescribed customer's annual consumption level at the single site, as measured in accordance with subclause (3), is between 500 and 750 MWh per annum.
- (3) A prescribed customer's annual consumption level at a single site is to be measured by either:
 - (a) the prescribed customer's total actual consumption of electricity at the single site during any continuous period of one year that begins on or after 1 July 2024; or
 - (b) the prescribed customer's total estimated consumption of electricity at the single site for any continuous future period of one year that begins on a date in the regulated period.
- (4) For subclause (3)(b), the billing entity's estimate of a prescribed customer's consumption of electricity at the single site must be based on the past electricity consumption of the prescribed customer, if any, at the site on or after 1 July 2024.
- (5) A prescribed customer that is classified as a large user tariff customer under this clause may be charged the amounts specified for a large user tariff customer in Part 2, Division 2, of this electricity pricing order instead of the amounts that are specified in respect of the relevant class.

7 Government customers

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a **government customer** is a prescribed customer that is:
 - (a) the Territory, or an Agency, instrumentality or corporation of the Territory; or

- (b) the Commonwealth, or an instrumentality or corporation of the Commonwealth.
- (2) A prescribed customer referred to in subclause (1) is not a government customer for the purposes of this electricity pricing order if:
 - (a) the prescribed customer purchases electricity for domestic use; or
 - (b) the prescribed customer:
 - (i) is any of the following:
 - (A) a Government owned corporation of the Territory;
 - (B) a Government Business Division of the Territory;
 - (C) a Government Business Enterprise of the Commonwealth; and
 - (ii) purchases electricity primarily for commercial use.
- (3) In this clause:

Government Business Division, of the Territory, has the same meaning as in section 3(1) of the *Financial Management Act 1995*.

Government Business Enterprise, of the Commonwealth, has the same meaning as in section 8 of the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013* (Cth).

Government owned corporation, of the Territory, has the same meaning as in section 3 of the *Government Owned Corporations Act 2001*.

Part 2 General supply

Division 1 Domestic customers

8 Application of Division

- (1) This Division applies in relation to the following classes of prescribed customers:
 - (a) domestic (pre-payment meter tariff) customers;
 - (b) domestic (standard tariff) customers;
 - (c) domestic (time of use tariff) customers.
- (2) The billing entity must ensure that the retail prices it charges under this Division distinguish between the different classes of prescribed customers specified in subclause (1).

9 Fixed daily charges for supply of electricity

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a prescribed customer of a class specified in the following table may be charged for the supply of electricity a fixed daily charge that does not exceed the amount per day specified opposite the class of prescribed customer.

Prescribed customer class	Fixed daily charge (\$/day)
Domestic (standard tariff) customer	0.6245
Domestic (time of use tariff) customer	0.6245

- (2) If the prescribed customer receives a high voltage supply of electricity, the customer may instead be charged a fixed daily charge that does not exceed \$143.3072 per day.

10 Charges for consumption of electricity

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a prescribed customer of a class specified in the following table may be charged for the consumption of electricity an amount per kWh that does not exceed the amount specified opposite the class of prescribed customer.

Prescribed customer class	Charge (cents/kWh)
Domestic (pre-payment meter tariff) customer	34.8284
Domestic (standard tariff) customer	31.6788
Domestic (time of use tariff) customer	25.8294 for each kWh of electricity consumed on any day during the period between 9.00am to 3.00pm (the off-peak period) 33.2165 for each kWh of electricity consumed on any day during any period other than the off-peak period

- (2) A domestic (time of use tariff) customer and a domestic (standard tariff) customer may also be charged an additional amount of up to 5.1883 cents for each kWh of electricity consumed per day by the customer (if any) in excess of the domestic daily consumption threshold.
- (3) For subclause (2):

- (a) the domestic daily consumption threshold is 164 kWh per day; and
 - (b) the amount of electricity consumed per day by the customer in a billing period is to be based on the customer's average daily consumption during that billing period.
- (4) The additional amount chargeable under subclause (2) in respect of any consumption in excess of the domestic daily consumption threshold may be charged by the billing entity:
- (a) for a domestic (standard tariff) customer – in the form of either:
 - (i) a surcharge of up to 5.1883 cents per kWh; or
 - (ii) a higher rate of up to 36.8671 cents per kWh in lieu of the amount specified in the table; and
 - (b) for a domestic (time of use tariff) customer – only in the form of a surcharge of up to 5.1883 cents per kWh.

Division 2 Commercial and other customers

11 Application of Division

- (1) This Division applies in relation to the following classes of prescribed customers:
- (a) commercial (standard tariff) customers;
 - (b) commercial (time of use tariff) customers;
 - (c) caravan park resident tariff customers;
 - (d) large user tariff customers;
 - (e) local government customers;
 - (f) PBI tariff customers.(2) The billing entity must ensure that the retail prices it charges under this Division distinguish between the different classes of prescribed customers specified in subclause (1).

12 Fixed daily charges for supply of electricity

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a prescribed customer of a class specified in the following table may be charged for the supply of electricity a fixed daily charge that does not exceed the amount per day specified opposite the class of prescribed customer.

Prescribed customer class	Fixed daily charge (\$/day)
Commercial (standard tariff) customer	0.9753

Commercial (time of use tariff) customer	0.9753
Large user tariff customer	0.9753
PBI tariff customer	0.7621
Local government customer	1.2041

- (2) If the prescribed customer receives a high voltage supply of electricity, the customer may instead be charged a fixed daily charge that does not exceed \$143.3072 per day.

13 Charges for consumption of electricity

A prescribed customer of a class specified in the following table may be charged for the consumption of electricity an amount per kWh that does not exceed the amount specified opposite the class of prescribed customer.

Prescribed customer class	Charge (cents/kWh)
Caravan park resident tariff customer	42.2873
Commercial (standard tariff) customer	36.8671
Commercial (time of use tariff) customer	29.9173 for each kWh of electricity consumed on any day during the period between 9.00am to 3.00pm (the off-peak period) 40.2189 for each kWh of electricity consumed on any day during any period other than the off-peak period
Large user tariff customer	38.6567
PBI tariff customer	32.6347
Local government customer	45.5150

Division 3 Government customers

14 Cost reflective tariffs

- (1) This clause applies in relation a prescribed customer that is a government customer.
- (2) A government customer may be charged for the supply of electricity to the government customer a cost reflective tariff based on the pricing principle specified in subclause (3).

- (3) A cost reflective tariff charged to a government customer may be at a level that is sufficient to allow the billing entity to earn no more than a reasonable profit in relation to the costs of supplying electricity to that government customer.

Part 3 Non-metered supply

15 Application of Part

- (1) This Part applies in relation to the following classes of prescribed customers:
- (a) general non-metered installation customers;
 - (b) street lighting customers.
- (2) The billing entity must ensure that the retail prices it charges under this Part distinguish between the classes of prescribed customers specified in subclause (1).

16 General non-metered installation customer

The billing entity may charge a prescribed customer who is a general non-metered installation customer, on a pro rata basis per annum, for the consumption of electricity supplied to the prescribed customer's electrical installations during a period of operation specified in the following table, a retail price calculated on the basis of the amount specified opposite the period.

Period of operation	Annual charge (\$ per watt)
Off-peak operation (6pm to 6am)	1.3899
Peak operation (6am to 6pm)	1.5438
24 hour operation	3.0020

17 Street lighting customer

- (1) The billing entity may charge a prescribed customer who is a street lighting customer, on a pro rata basis per annum, for the consumption of electricity supplied to the prescribed customer's electrical installations of a light wattage range specified in the following table, a retail price not exceeding the amount specified opposite the wattage range.

Light wattage range	Annual charge (\$)
1-50	72.1480
51-100	144.2949

101-200	288.5899
201-300	432.8838
301-400	577.1797
401 and above	1442.9494

- (2) The retail price must be calculated on the actual light wattage range of the prescribed customer's electrical installations as provided in writing to the billing entity by the customer.

Part 4 Peak feed-in credits

18 Account credits for exports of electricity during peak periods by eligible customers

- (1) This clause applies to a prescribed customer (an **eligible customer**) if:
- (a) the prescribed customer consumes electricity on premises at which a PV unit is installed and connected to the electricity network in accordance with a connection agreement with the network provider; and
 - (b) the prescribed customer has a meter installed at the premises that records:
 - (i) the quantity of electricity generated by the PV unit and exported into the electricity network; and
 - (ii) the time when the electricity was exported into the electricity network by the PV unit; and
 - (c) the size of the prescribed customer's PV unit is less than 30 kilovolt amperes.
- (2) The billing entity must provide an eligible customer an account credit (**peak feed-in credit**) for the kWh of electricity, if any, exported into the electricity network by the customer's PV unit during peak periods throughout the customer's billing period.
- (3) The amount of the peak feed-in credit to be provided in accordance with subclause (2) is to be calculated at a rate of at least 18.66 cents per kWh of electricity exported during a peak period.

- (4) The billing entity is to provide the peak feed-in credit to the eligible customer by deducting the amount calculated in accordance with subclause (3) in respect of the electricity exported during the customer's billing period from the amount charged to the customer's account for electricity sold to the customer during that billing period.

- (5) In this clause:

peak period means the period between 3.00 pm to 9.00 pm on any day.

PV unit means a solar (photovoltaic) system and inverter, and includes all equipment associated with the system and inverter to make it operate or to store electricity it generates.

Part 5 Utilities Commission

19 Role of Utilities Commission

The Utilities Commission is to:

- (a) monitor compliance with this electricity pricing order; and
- (b) investigate any complaints made to the Utilities Commission by prescribed customers that prices to which this order applies do not comply with this order.